# The Australian Women's Register

**Entry type:** Person **Entry ID:** AWE0637

# John, Cecilia Annie

(1877 - 1955)

Born	18771105, Hobart Town Tasmania Australia
Died	19550528, Godalming Surrey England
Occupation	Feminist, Opera singer, Pacifist

# Summary

Cecilia John, who sang 'I Didn't Raise My Son to Be a Soldier' until banned by the government under the War Precautions Act of 1915, founded the Women's Peace Army with Vida Goldstein. Interested in social questions, John was a member of the Collins Street Independent Church, the Women's Political Association and wrote for the *Woman Voter*. She established the Children's Peace Army and ran a women's co-operative farm, the Women's Rural Industries Co. Ltd, at Mordialloc, providing employment to women in financial need.

# **Details**

The daughter of Daniel and Rosetta (née Kelly) John, Cecilia John came to Melbourne during her early teens to study music and singing. To pay for her training she established a poultry farm at Deepdene. By 1911 John was a successful teacher of singing and voice production as well as a poultry expert. She also joined the Collins Street Independent Church, distributed anti-conscription literature for the Australian Freedom League and supported Vida Goldstein in her campaign for election to Federal parliament in 1913.

A member of the Women's Political Association she wrote for the *Woman Voter* and with Goldstein established the Women's Peace Army and became its financial secretary. At anti-conscription meetings she sang 'I Didn't Raise My Son to Be a Soldier' until banned by the government under the War Precautions Act of 1915. She also formed the Children's Peace Army and the People's Conservatorium. Along with Ina Higgins, John ran a women's co-operative farm, the Women's Rural Industries Co. Ltd, at Mordialloc, providing employment to women in financial need.

Following World War I John attended the Women's International Peace Conference at Zurich with Goldstein. She also worked for the International Red Cross in Geneva and the Save-the-Children Fund in London where she became involved with the Dalcroze Eurhythmic system of dancing. In 1932 John became principal of the London School of Dalcroze Eurhythmics, a position she held until her death on 28 May 1955.

# Published resources

#### **Resource Section**

John, Cecilia Annie (1877 - 1955), Gowland, Patricia, 2006, <a href="http://www.adb.online.anu.edu.au/biogs/A090484b.htm">http://www.adb.online.anu.edu.au/biogs/A090484b.htm</a>

#### **Edited Book**

Australian Feminism: A Companion, Caine, Barbara, Gatens, Moira et al., 1998

Monash Biographical Dictionary of 20th Century Australia, Arnold, John and Morris, Deirdre, 1994

#### **Book**

That dangerous and persuasive woman: Vida Goldstein, Bomford, Janette M., 1993

Radical Melbourne: a secret history, Sparrow, Jeff and Sparrow, Jill, 2001

Put up the sword, Pankhurst, Adela, 1917

#### Resource

Trove, National Library of Australia, 2009

#### Site Exhibition

The Encyclopedia of Women and Leadership in Twentieth-Century Australia, Smart, Judith and Swain, Shurlee (eds.), 2014.

http://www.womenaustralia.info/leaders

#### Archival resources

# **National Library of Australia**

Miss Cecilia John on "why I am a Bolshevik"

Scheme of proposed Women's Rural Industries Co

# National Library of Australia, Manuscript Collection

Unemployment / W.P.A. Women's Labour Bureau

Correspondence 1897-1919 [manuscript]

### **Author Details**

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**Created** 3 December 2003 **Last modified** 4 May 2009